

Practical Implementation of Closure Strategies for Abandoned Asbestos Mines

By Lucky Molefe

- Standard Protocol and Guidelines for the rehabilitation of Derelict/Ownerless Asbestos Mine Residue Deposits in South Africa
 - The primary aim
 - To minimise the dispersion of asbestos fibres
 - Must be self-sustaining, cost-effective solution with little to no required maintenance
 - The secondary aim
 - To return the disturbed area to an ecologically stable environment in equilibrium with its immediate surroundings

- The following design objectives are formulated for the closure concept and cost estimate:
 - Limit the mobilisation potential of asbestos through wind, water, human and/or animal foot traffic post closure;
 - Ensure the stability of the closure measures over the design life (surface and internal stability);
 - Integrate the closure measures into the natural landscape, where possible;
 - Ensure the closure measures are cost effective; and
 - Ensure self-sustainability (requiring minimal to no maintenance) over the design life.

- Define extent of contamination of a given site
- Site investigation
 - Walking the site / visual inspection
 - Topographical survey
 - Geotechnical investigation
- Rehabilitation elements are identified
 - Adits and shafts
 - Asbestos workings / shallow excavations
 - Residue deposits
 - Watercourses

- Determine characteristics of the residue deposits in terms of nature of contamination, particle size and shape of material, angle of deposit slopes



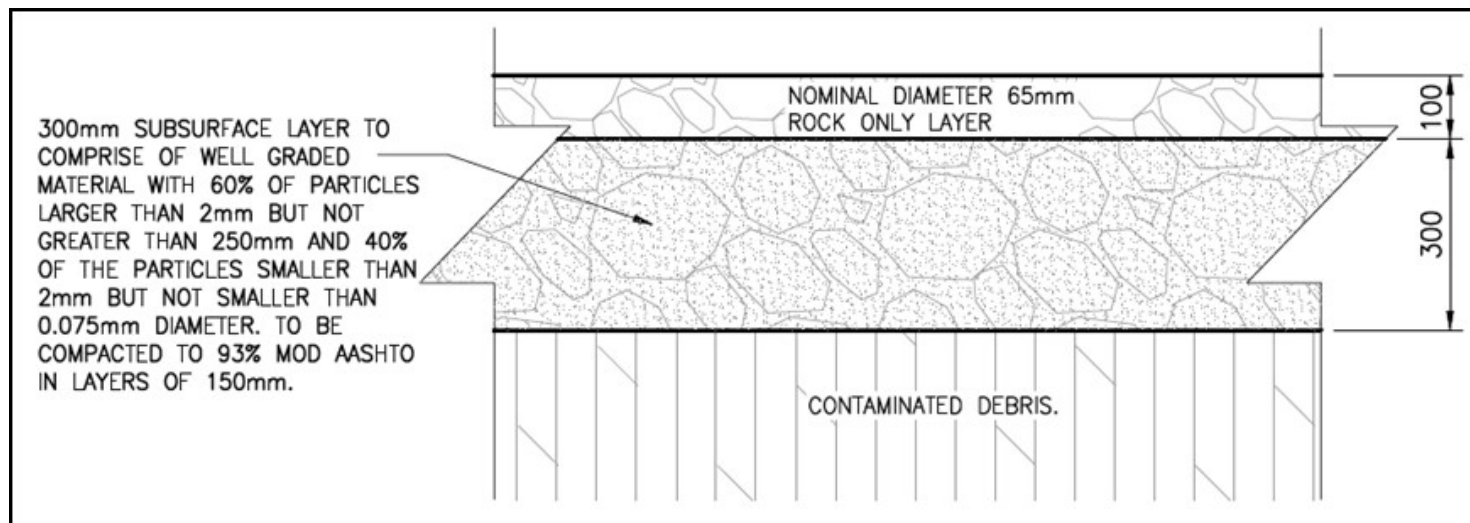
- Adits / shaft openings are inspected and measured



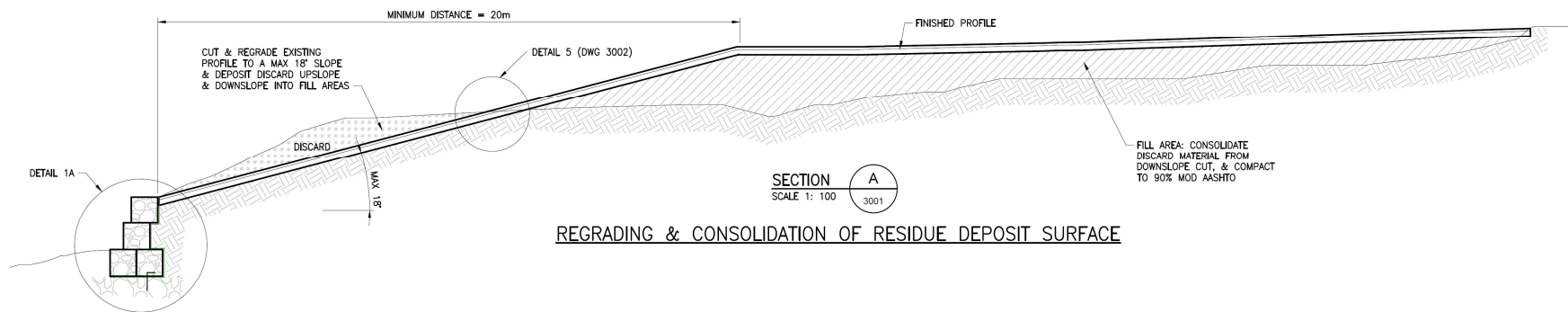
- Watercourses are inspected for evidence of contamination resulting from erosion of residue deposition



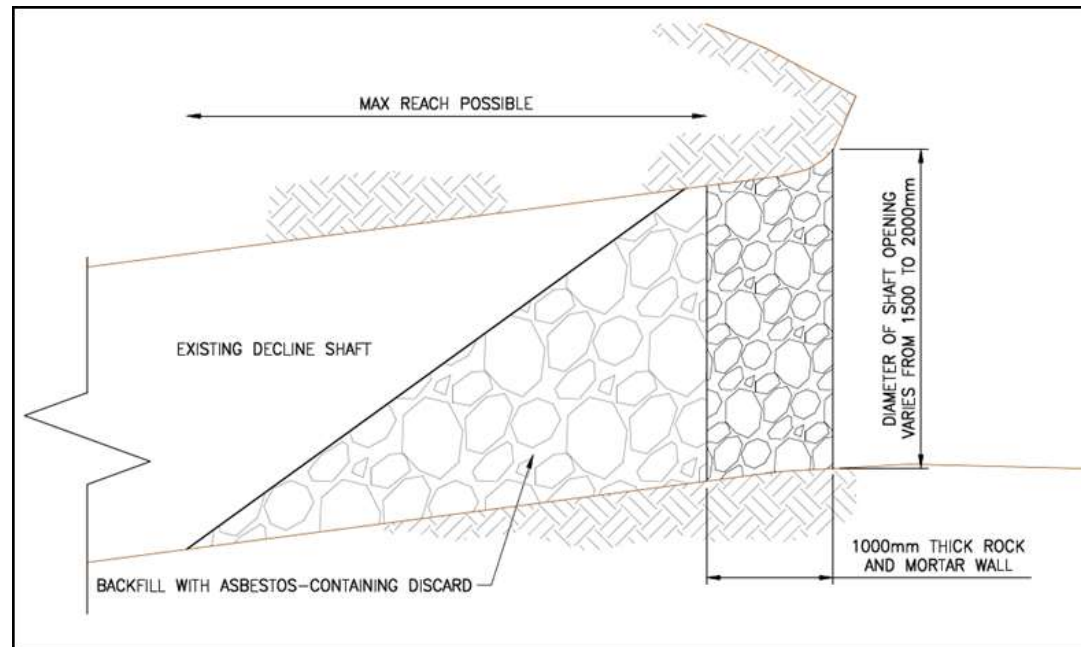
- Limiting erosion to prevent mobilisation of asbestos material
 - Cover design (Rock Cladding)
 - Rock cladding has been proven to be effective on moderately steep slopes or areas where vegetation is not effective or difficult to establish



- Stabilising slopes of residue deposits



- Adit closure



- Storm controls may include
 - Gabions / reno mattresses
 - Contour berms / bunds
 - Retaining walls
 - Stormwater diversion channels
 - Energy dissipaters

